Dobell: cat 154/673

IRENE:

Carmen Historicum.

Ad præhonorabilem

Vicecomitem BOYLE:

AUTHORE

JOHANNE LAWSON, S.T.P.

QUOD RECENSUIT

GULIELIMUS DUNKIN, S. T. P.

DUBLINI:

Typis FAULKNERIANIS, in Vico-Effex. M, DCC, LX.

Vet. A5 e. 2684



IRENE:

AN

Historical Poem;

Addressed to the Right Honourable

Lord Viscount BOYLE.

Written Originally by

JOHN LAWSON, D. D.

Revised and Translated by

WILLIAM DUNKIN, D. D.

杰·特鲁森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森森

DUBLIN:

Printed by GEORGE FAULKNER, in Efex-street.
M. DCC. LX.

XONONONONONONONONONONONONONONONONONON

A D

FRANCISCUM ANDREWS, L. L. D. Collegii.

Sacrosanctæ et individuæ Trinitatis Reginæ Elizabethæ juxta Dublin, Præpositum.

ARMEN hoc historicum amici, nuper defuncti, auctius, et, uti spero, limatius quam initio prodierat, unà cum metaphrasi nostrà in vestram, vir cultissime, clientelam trado, quod quidem munus, diutius modo vixisset, ipse multo felicius obiret; quippe qui sœcundissimo versatilique ingenio, ac judicii perspicacis

TO

Doctor FRANCIS ANDREWS, PROVOST of the COLLEGE

OF THE

Most Holy and Undivided Trinity of Queen ELIZABETH, near Dublin.

(Translated by James Dunkin, A. B)

Deliver up into your Protection, most accomplished Sir, this Historical Poem of our lately deceased Friend, more enlarged, and, as I hope, more correct, than it first appeared in Print, together with my Translation, which Office, indeed, had he but lived longer, he himself would have much more happily discharged, especially, as he had united to the most fruitful and pliable Genius, and Poignancy of quickfighted

[vi]

acumini multiplicis eruditionis infinitam prope copiam adjunxerat.

In lucem ille suum edidit opus, veluti supremum, ast immaturum perituræ musæ legatum, neque per tædium valetudinis, indies ingravescentis, respicere, nedum ad umbilicum perducere valuit.

*Composition vero Maronis majestatem, et ardentem Homeri spiritum sæpe tum verbis, tum sententiis expressit: Nequepaucis offendetur maculis, quaseluere sum conatus, vestræ candor æquanimitatis, ubi plura nitent in Carmine.

OPTIMI scriptorum judices plerumque sunt lenissimi simul, et sautores maximi, quoque altius ipsi ad honores evecti sunt, eo latius arrident inserioribus, qui rei-

[vii]

fighted Judgment, an almost infinite Fund of various Learning.

He published this Performance, as it were, the last, but immature Bequest of an expiring Muse, nor was he through the Languor of his Health, daily declining, capable of Revising, much less of giving it the finishing Touches.

However, he hath often transfused both into his Expressions and Sentiments the sedate Majesty of Virgil, and siery Spirit of Homer, nor will the Candour of your Justice take Offence at a few Blemishes, which I have endeavoured to reform, when those Blemishes are over-balanced by a Multitude of shining Beauties.

THE most accurate Judges of Writeings are generally the mildest Critics, and at the same Time the greatest Encouragers,

[viii]

publicæ literariæ suis laboribus quid quam aut utilitatis, aut voluptatis attulerint.

Sor, quem vates mundi nuncupant oculum, dum cuncta perstringit lumine, calore nihilominus fovet; abditis terrarum visceribus in regum decora gemmas, aurumque in gentium commercia coquit, hibernoque tanquam somno fruges in humanæ vitæ sustentamen elicit.

Tu pari ratione Matris almæ proles haud degener liberales artes et scientias veterno tandem excitasti; juventutem academicam per asperas

eruditionis

vated their Stations are, by so much more diffuse is their Favour to their Inferiors, who, by their Labours, may have contributed aught either of Improvement, or Entertainment to the Common Wealth of Letters.

THE Sun, whom the Poets call the World's Eye, whilft he pierces all Things with his Light, equally cherishes them with his Heat; he ripens Gems in the secret Bowels of the Earth for the Decorations of Kings, and Gold for the Commerce of Nations, and awakes, as it were, from its Wintry Sleep Corn for the Sustenance of Human Life.

In like Manner have you, the genuine Offspring of our Alma Mater, at length roused from their Lethargy the liberal Arts, and Sciences: You have conducted our Academical Youth, accustomed

eruditionis ambages, fummo non fine nixu, seroque sudoris fructu, prius evagari consuetam, breviori nec non et amæniori tramite ad studiorum duxisti metam; uti jam liceat facros fontes, nec limo turbatos, haurire; rosasque gratiarum, nec spinis horrentes, carpere: Pientissimam regiam erga majestatem, sidelibus vestris gnaviter interpositis officiis, academiam integerrimi principis liberalitate remunitam auxisti; Minervæ pugiles, MADDENI jampridem munificentia succensos, in samæ palæstram honestissimis impulisti stimulis, forumque bonarum literarum constituisti pulcherrimum, quodque brevi talibus sub auspiciis auguror fore celeberrimum atque frequentissimum.

accustomed formerly to wander through the rugged Mazes of Erudition, not without the most painful Struggles, and late Fruit of their tedious Toil, by a shorter and more pleasant Path to the Goal of their Studies; fo that now they may quaff the Sacred Fountains, undifturbed with Mud, and pluck the Roses of the Graces, unattended with thorny Difficulties. You have by the most vigorous Interpolition of your faithful Offices enriched a College, remarkable for its dutiful Attachment to Royal Majesty, re-enforced by the Bounty of a Prince, most eminent for his Integrity: You have spirited up by the most honourable Incentives the Champions of Minerva, long fince inflamed by the Munificence of a MADDEN, into the Lists of Fame, and established a most amiable Mart of excellent Literature, and which, under fuch Auspices, I forefee, will foon become the most celebrated and frequented. ProPerge, vir spectatissime, fausto, quo cœpisti, pede; diuque Musarum domicilio, cui præsides, communi sis tutelæ pariter et ornamento.

INTEREA, qua dignari soles humanitate qua benevolentia, quaque benignitate scriptorem, iisdem hosce conatus, utcunque debiles, honeste saltem intentos, excipe; meque omnino tibi, vestræque societati crede plurimis tum publicis, tum privatis nominibus addictum, penitusque devinctum. PROCEED, most respected Sir, in the same happy Track, in which you have commenced, and may you long approve yourself the common Guardian, as well as Ornament of that Mansion of the Muses, over which you preside.

In the mean Time receive these Essays, however seeble, at least well intended, with the same Humanity, the same Benevolence, and the same Kindness, with which you are wont to honour their Author, and believe me to remain on very many public, and private Accounts altogether devoted, and thoroughly bound to you, and your Society.

IRENE.

I R E N E: CARMEN HISTORICUM.

OMANOS dum mufa modos alienaque tentat Regna, tremens dubio passu sub luce maligna, Heu! proucul altisoni numeros imitata maronis, Aeriæ comitemque viæ, lumenque laboris Te, Boylæe, vocat; te non ignota revisit, Quæ, primis admota annis mentique tenellæ, Pieridum nitidos puerum te duxit in hortos. Ergo adfis, dum veris honos, et blanda voluptas, Crescentis vitæ callem tibi floribus ornans, Ridet adhuc, mentisque calor fert otia passim Grata quidem levibus, sed amænis fallere nugis: His favet ipfa, fagax munito numine, Pallas, Atque monet juvenes altis proludere cœptis Sensim affurgentes. Teque, ecce! volubilis ætas Ad majora rapit: Sapientûm evolvere scripta, Græcia quos peperit, quos artibus inclyta Roma, Nec minor his, Britonum, Phœbo cariffima, tellus: Hinc regere eloquio populos sanctumque senatum, Et

I R E N E: An Historical Poem.

N Roman Measures while the trembling Muse Through foreign Climes her doubtful Pace purfues, Tracing in vain beneath malignant Rays Majestic Maro's ever-living Lays, She thee invokes with artless Voice, Oh Boyle! To grace her Numbers, and attend her Toil; Thee she revisits, not an alien Guest, The faithful Guardian of thy tender Breaft, In early Dawn who led thee to the Shades, And cultur'd Gardens of the tuneful Maids. Come then, while vernal Youth exerts her Pow'rs, And strows the Path of growing Lifewith Flow'rs Gay-Smiling, licenc'd to deceive the Time With Trifles light, embellish'd yet with Rhime: Pallas herself, severely Sage, invites Her foaring Sons by fuch prolufive Flights To loftier Efforts. Lo! the rolling Years Impell thee to revolve the letter'd Seers Of Greece and Rome, renown'd for Arts divine, Nor yet less dear to Phæbus and the nine Britannia's. Et leges munire sacras, ac jura tueri,
Concilioque gravi patriam fulcire labantem,
Atque novum claræ poteris decus addere genti.
Iamque ingens aperitur opus, campusque patescit:

Tu quoque florenti jam nunc grateris alumno, Alma parens: illum noster labor imbre rigavit Castalio viridem, et Phœbeâ lampade fotum Finxit, et hunc tecum saltem partitur honorem.

Jam Scythiæ linquens hyemes, camposque perenni

Constrictos glacie, solique impervia regna,
Gens effræna virûm vastabat cladibus orbem
Attonitum. Non perpetuis juga cana pruinis,
Murorumque moræ, rapidos non æquora cursus
Oppositæve acies sistunt. Orientis ab oris,
Occiduum ad Phæbum, qua littora Bosphorus
urget

Assiduo fremitu, dirâ cum strage procella Intonat. Euxini sluctus et Caspia regna, Caucasiæ rupes, vastique tremunt juga Tauri: It supplex rutilas volvens Pactolus arenas.

QUINETIAM

Britania's Lore: Hence may thy Tongue, supply'd With Eloquence, the People rule, and guide The facred Senate! hence with solid Weight Of temper'd Counsel prop a finking State, Affert her Laws, her Liberties with Grace, And add new Glories to thy noble Race. And now behold the mighty Work begun, And Prospect fair! congratulate thy Son, Parent of Arts. Yet verdant as he grew, My Labour bath'd him with Castalian Dew, Confirm'd him, cherish'd by thy Pean's Rays, And claims at least this Portion of thy Praise.

DESERTING Scythian, wintry Rivers bound With Ice eternal, and a dreary Ground, Impervious to the Sun, a Savage Brood Ravag'd the Globe, and rioted in Blood: Not Mountains, hoary with perpetual Frost, And Walls oppos'd, not Arms of Ocean, tost With raging Billows, or the banded Force Of adverse Armies intercept their Course Refiftless, rapid. From Eöan Shore, To fetting Phabus, where with ceafeless Roar Indignant Bosphorus his Banks deforms, The Tempest thunders with repeated Storms: Mad Euxine furges feel the dreadful Shocks, The Caspian Kingdoms, huge Caucasian Rocks And Taurus tremble: With submissive flow Pactolus rolls his golden Tribute flow.

В

MOREOVER

QUINETIAM imperiis tot quondam Græcia terras,

Tot populos complexa ruit. Jam regia cingit Mœnia victor ovans: tormentis ferrea grando Funditur, et celsas quatiunt nova fulmina turres. Murorum folidâ tandem compage folutâ, Ingreditur, captâque ferox dominatur in urbe Hostis: inhorrentes ferro flammante, catervæ Hinc atque hinc ruunt, et late funera spirant: Ut quondam hyberni, subversis molibus, amnes Infremuere fretis, et agros petiere patentes, Volventes gregibusque necem, Stabulisqueruinam. In fummis jam jam vexilla trementia muris Auratas pandunt vento diffundere lunas Velorum in morem. Collecto robore claufas Convellunt portas, et inundant strata viarum Milite: tum rapidas jactant ad culmina flammas; Sævit atrox ignis, victorque incendia volvit Cumstrepitu; cælum et longe maria alta relucent. Bacchatur furor hinc, et plena licentia ferro.

Sternitur

MOREOVER Greece, which spread her vast Domains

O'erfuch wide Realms, and held in captive Chains So many Nations, ruinous now falls: The Victor now furrounds the regal Walls Of proud Byzantium: Whizzing fly the Show'rs Of Iron Hail, and shake her lofty Tow'rs. At length her folid Bulwarks batter'd down, The Foe fierce lords it o'er the vanquish'd Town: From various Quarters ruth the raging Bands, Their flaming Faulchions with impetuous Hands Wide-wave, and breathe Destruction without

Bounds:

As wintry Rivers, burfting through their Mounds, Roar o'er the Plains, and with redundant Sway O'erwhelm whole Flocks, and fweep the Folds

Their trembling Standards now expand like Sails Their gilded Crescents to the sportive Gales, High-Streaming o'er the Ramparts: Now they bend

Their Force collected, violently rend The bolted Gates, and o'er the Pavements wide The Streets float murm'ring with a martial Tide. Swift Flames they dart to vaulted Roofs; the Fire Despotic rages, with Combustion dire And crackling Ruin fed; with wild Amaze The Skies and Main reflect the baneful Blaze.

Hence

Sternitur infelix populus discrimine nullo; Insontes sternuntur humi, gliscentibus iris, Insantes, canique patres, castæque puellæ, Et gemitus tota morientum effunditur urbe.

IPSE Mahummedes, fulgentibusarduus armis, Agmen agit, bello invictus, cæcumque tumultum

Dirigit, exacuens iras, et funera miscet.

Hinc luctus gelidusque pavor comitantur euntem,

Et Lethum crudele: lavat vestigia sanguis.

Nec mora; regales populatrix turba penates

Aggreditur; rupto æratæ jam cardine valvæ

Dissiliunt, temeratque novus loca sacra tumultus.

Tum fragor armorum, tum planctus ingeminare

Fæminei, mixtæque minæ: ferit æthera clamor.

AT Cæsar, fatis utcunque oppressus iniquis,
Cuncta videns amissa et ineluctabile numen,
Pugnat adhuc inter primos, et pectora bello
Fida, nec indecorem quærens per volnera mortem.

[moventem]
Hunc audentem animis, at adhuc vana arma

Hoftis

Hence Fury maddens, and with wanton Sway
The deathful Blade depopulates its Way:
Without Remorfe the Multitude expires,
Innoxious Infants, venerable Sires,
Chaft Maidens drop promiscuous to the Ground,
And Lamentations through the Town resound.

With shining Arms, in Battle undismay'd,
Leads on a Band, provokes to furious Deed,
Directs the Rout, and bids the Carnage bleed.
Sharp Anguish, frozen Fear and cruel Doom
Attend: With Glory Tide his Paces fume.
Nor Pause ensues: rude Violence prevails,
A wasteful Crowd the Royal Dome affails:
Heav'd from their Hinges sty the brazen Gates,
And Tumult strange profanes the sacred Seats:
The Crash of Armour, mix'd with semale Cries,
And hostile Threatnings, rend the frighted Skies.

But Cafar brave, however deep-diffrest,
By sad Reverse of bitter Fortune prest,
Observing all Resources in his Woe
Were lost, and Heav'n decreed the satal Blow,
Yet sights among the foremost Heros, try'd
In War, and saithful to the vanquish'd Side,
Nobly resolves to sacrifice his Breath,
And rush through Wounds on honourable Death.

B 3

Him

Hostis atrox cingit, mediisque in millibus unum Claudit, et eversum sternit: tum multa pedum vis

Infilit, illiditque solo, calcatque, premitque Expirantem animam: non regia celsa gementi Adgemit; exuperat misto clamore tumultus, Et longe savas voces vasta atria volvunt: Concidit informi letho; pariterque vetustum Imperium ruit, et ductum per secula regnum.

Interea rapitur, magnă comitante catervă, Eximiâ virgo formă, et florentibus annis, Quam, trepidam dubioque sequentem devia passu, Cum clamore trahunt captam, spolia alma tyranno.

Constitit hac cœtti in medio, fine more fluentes Sparsa comas, lacrymisque genas madesacta decoras:

Qualis ubi lucis portas Aurora recludit; Qua roseos tollit vultus Dea, rore madescunt Punicei flores, gemmataque prata renident.

MIRANTUR taciti proceres, hastasque cohortes Inclinant, densæque inhiant, et singula lustrant.

Him bold of Heart, and wielding Arms in vain, Fell Foes attack, and level on the Plain, Inclos'd by thousands: Steel'd against Remorse, Successive Crowds insult his bleeding Corse With spurning Heels, in Dust inglorious roll His mangled Limbs, and mock the gasping Soul. In vain the Palace would remit his Moans, The blended Tumult drowns his dying Groans: The vaulted Roofs and spacious Halls rebound The long-revolving, ear-afflicting Sound. Deform'd he lies, and with him tumble down His antient Scepter and imperial Crown.

Mean while a Maidamid the Throng appears
Of beauteous Figure, and in blooming Years,
Whom trembling, wand'ring with Uproar they
A grateful Booty to their luftful King. [bring,
With flowing Hair she stood among the Crew,
The crystal Drops her cherry Cheeks bedew.
As when Aurora, first reveal'd to Sight,
Unbars the Gates of Empyrean Light,
Where'er the Goddess through the liquid Space
Displays the Beauties of her rosy Face,
The purple Flow'rs, be-dropt with dewy Beads,
Unfold their Sweets, and smile the gemmy Meads.

In Admiration stand the silent Peers,
The warlike Bands incline their pointed Spears;
They

Insolitam speciem ac divinæ munera formæ,
Ambrosiasque comas; teneris rorantia nimbis,
Lumina, marmoreumque premens suspiria pectus

Spectat inexpletúm, subito perculsus amore, Rex Asiæ, sigitque avidos in virgine voltus. Tum fari hortatur, quæ sit, quo sanguine creta, Quid petat, ac trepidam verbis solatur amicis.

ILLA diu, ceu nulla foret medicina doloris
Infandi, qualis puro de marmore virgo
Ficta, filet, fixisque oculis et pectore torpet
Decolor. At tandem respirat pectus anhelum;
Resplendent oculi radiis, atque ora rubescunt.

* Ac veluti citharam doctus pulsare sonantem,
Et liquido cantu suspensas ducere mentes,
Protinús haud summâ magicam vim voce resolvit,
Dulcia sed tenui slectens modulamina motu,
Proludit, surtimque animis illabitur imis:

Talis

Altamente la lingua al canto finodi:
All' harmonia gli animi d'altrui prepara
Con dolci ricercate, in bassi modi:
Così costei, che ne la doglia amara
Gia tutte non oblia l'arti et le frodi;
Fadi sospir breve concento in prima
Per dospor l'alalma, in cui le voci imprima.
Tasso Gierus:

Canto 16: Stanza 4.

They crowd a-gape, and trace each finish'd Line,
Her matchless Graces and her Form divine:
Her Locks ambrosial, dew-distilling Eyes,
And marble Bosom, that restrain'd her Sighs,
The Monarch views, and smit with sudden Flame,
Intense, insatiate gazes on the Dame:
He then exhorts the melancholy Fair
Her Name, her Birth, and Station to declare,
Demands her Pleasure, and with Accents kind,
And soft Demeanour sooths her fearful Mind.

As if her Grief admitted of no Cure,
She, like some Virgin seign'd of marble pure,
Long muteremains: Her Eyes, as fix'd in Death,
And Bosom freeze-At length returns her Breath,
And Bosom beats: her orient Eyes renew
Their wonted Beams, her Lips their coral-Hue;
And as a Master of the lenient Lyre,
Cunning to strike the many-sounding Wire,
Or lull with vocal Airs the ravish'd Sense,
And lead attentive Audience in Suspense,
Begins his Raptures not in highest Key,
But low-remits the modulated Lay
With soft Preamble, magical to roll
With selon Pace, and glide into the Soul:

Talis et hæc artis memor in discrimine tanto, Languidulum demissa caput, de pectore longa, Ægre tarda trahit suspiria singultanti, Et lacrymis faciles aditus ad pectora pandit: Circumsusa armis, roseo dein incipit ore, Quo magis ætherei splendescit gratia voltus.

O Rex! attonitum vasto qui turbine mundum Concutis invictus, patriasque ad mænia lunas Erigis, invalidæ saltém miserere puellæ, Jam passæ mala dura, et adhuc graviora timentis: Non humilis tamen, et plebeio sanguine creta, Complector genua illacrymans, at Regibus orta Sceptrigeris, quibus hæc olim pulcherrima tellus Paruit, exultans meliori Græcia sato.

Ipse etiam Cæsar, qui funera multa suorum Viderat, heu! miser, et miser à jam sorte peremptus, Me matam, caræ genetricis nomine dictam Irenen, in spem regni pater optimus alti Eduxit; jam vincla ferunt contraria sata.

O patria!

Such she mature, and mindful of her Art,
In utmost Peril plays the semale Part,
Inclines the languid Head, and after Pause
Along slow Train of deep-fetch'd Sighs she draws:
Her Tears, the streaming Harbingers of Woes,
An easy Passage to his Heart disclose,
And, thick-encircled with the Gleam of Arms,
With Siren Tongue she thus endears her Charms.

O King! whose Hand appals the peopled
Ball

With martial Storm, and on Byzantium's Wall Erects thy native Moons, let Pity plead At least in Favour of a feeble Maid, A spotles Maid, who lamentably bore A Load of ills, yet greater dreads in Store: Not low-descended from Plebeian Race, A weeping Suppliant I thy Knees embrace, But sprung from regal Ancestors, who sway'd This goodly Land, whom happier Greece obey'd, Imperial Casar, who had seen the Doom Of many Sons, extinguish'd in their Bloom, O sad Reverse of honourable State! Ah! Whetched he, and lopp'd by wretched Fate.

Me nam'd Irene from my Mother fair, His darling Daughter with peculiar Care Rear'd to fustain the wide-commanding Reins And Scepter,—now converted into Chains.

O Country!

O patria! O genitor! domus O per secula terra Regnatrix! vos templa Dei, demissaque cælo Relligio! ergo omnes radice evertit ab ima Gens essus polo, atque æterni numinis ira: Me tamen haud lethi sacies vibrataque terrent Spicula; descendam læto jam sunere ad imos, Casta tamen, Manes, et digna parentibus umbra. Quin resera hoc gremium, vitamque abrumpe morantem.

Sed te per teneros, sensit si pectus, amores, Per dulces natos, casti per sædera lecti, Per majorum umbras oro, per quicquid ubique est

Sacrati, prohibe infandos a corpore tactus, Neu mihi virgineos vis barbara polluat artus.

Hæc ait, et gemitus pressit luctantia verba. Stant Proceres, innixi hastis, insuetaque slectit Corda dolor; lacrymæ manant invita per ora. O Country! Father! Mighty House, whose

Through Ages rul'd this fair prolific Land! Ye Temples of the Sole Omnipotent, And bright Religion from his Mansion sent! A Scythian Race and Heav'n's avenging Ire With total Ruin in your Fall conspire: Yet me no Terrors menacing, no Sight Of instant Death and pointed Darts affright; Joyful shall I the dreary Realms pervade, A Virgin Victim and a princely Shade. Transfix this Bosom to conclude the Strife, And quick curtail the Thread of lagging Life. But by thy Loves, if ever, prone to melt, Thy tender Breast their soft Emotions felt, By the dear Pledges of thy plighted Hands, Thy Children, Confort, chaft connubial Bands, By those renown'd Progenitors of thine, Their Shades, all Sanctions human and divine, Guard, I conjure thee, from approaching Shame, Nor let Pollution violate this Frame.

SHE spoke, and heaving from her panting Breast

Deep Sighs and Groansherstissed Words repress'd. Around her Stand the military Peers, With dumb Attention resting on their Spears:

Their

Non eadem Regi facies, non pristina mansit Durities; animum species præclara loquentis Accendit, majorque afflictæ gratia formæ. Tunc olli brevitur: quis te, pulcherrima virgo, Læderet, aut castum violaret crimine corpus Crudelis? non hæ nobis victoribus iræ: Solve metus, neu finge animo nos impia ferre Sceptra, et funestis sævos gaudere triumphis. Gloria non mendax, non prædæ prava cupido Armatos in bella trahunt; aft ardua juffa Divini vatis, cælique fuprema voluntas, Exulet ut vetus impietas, ut fulgeat alte Vera fides, magnis ut eat fub legibus orbis. Ipfe tibi, incensus tantæ virtutis amore, Munera magna feram, majoraque regna paternis Subjiciam; preme fingultus. His demere dictis Æger amore studet curas, solvitque timorem.

Hanc Selymus, Regis teneras cui cura legendi Delicias, et femineæ custodia prædæ Credita, deducit mæstam in penetralia celsa Lætantes inter turbas crepitantiaque arma.

IMPERIT

Their Hearts relent with unaccustom'd Woe. And down their Cheeks the Tears unwilling flow. No more the King his former Afpect wears, His harden'd Horrors and imperious Airs, Charm'd by the Graces of her sweet Address, And Beauty yet more charming in Diftress. Thus briefly he: What Monster could infest, Most beauteous Maid, or stain that vestal Breast With touch impure? Victorious as we wage Heroic War, we harbour not fuch Rage: Expell thy Fears, nor fancy, that we joy In fell Mifrule, or triumph to deftroy. Not Tinfel-Glory, nor the Luft of Prey Inflame our Courage, and with Arms array; But our great Prophet's absolute Commands, And Heav'ns high Will, to banish from these Lands Their impious Rites, that upright Faith may shine Aloft, the World obey her Laws divine. Ev'n I, transported with thy Virtue rare, Shall make that Virtue my peculiar Care, Amply reward, and yield my lovely Maid A greater Kingdom, than her Father fway'd: Restrain thy Sobs. He love-fick sooths her Ears. And with fuch Accents diffipates her Fears.

HER Selymus, appointed to purvey
The Monarch's Joys, and guard the female Prey,
Leads to the Palace. forrowful through Swarms
Of glad Spectators and the Din of Arms.

The

IMPERII rex inde gravi de pondere, rerum Multa movens, pendensque animo molimina, canis

Cum patribus, qua vi posset frænare superbas, Indomitasque serire procul formidine gentes, Quas bello vastare, quibus dare jura subactis, Consulit, et regni surgentis lubrica sirmat.

Interea summo, jussu victoris, honore Excipitur virgo. Thalamis sulgentibus ostro, Auratis excelsa toris, et murice spreto, Mæsta jacet: sculptas onerant convivia mensas Nequicquam, vinum gemmato ardescit in auro. Centum slorentes sorma et juvenilibus annis, Barbara quas acies, regum de stirpe creatas, Sedibus abripuit crudeli sorte paternis, Circumstantagiles nymphæ, blandisque morantur Ossiciis: sundit dulci pars carmina voce; Pars tremulos docto percurrit pollice pervos, Scilicet insixas ut possint sallere curas, Exuat et sensim lentos mens ægra dolores.

THE King with hoary Sires in deep Debate Revolving weighs the big Affairs of State, Confults what Nations infolent a-far With Terror he might strike, or waste with War, Whom to subdue, and whom subdu'd with Awe

Hold in Subjection, and restrain with Law; And thus he labours firmly to sustain The doubtful Fabric of his rising Reign.

MEAN while the Victor's Orders are obey'd,
And highest Honours offer'd to the Maid:
In stately Chambers, bright with Tyrian Dies,
Much in her Mind she ruminating lies,
Disconsolately sad, with high Disdain:
Delicious Banquets onerate in vain
The splendid Boards, adorn'd with sigur'd Frames.
In studded Gold the purple Nectar slames:
An hundred Nymphs in Beauty's youthful
Bloom

Of Royal Race, whom (Vaffalage their Doom)
The Foes, exulting in rapacious Feats,
Remorfeless ravish'd from their native Seats,
With Eyes observant, and with pliant Hands,
Officious wait, and court her gay Commands.
Some roll soft Measures from melodious Throats,
With tuneful Touch some wake the Lyric Notes,
With sweet Deceit her Troubles to compose,
And cure her canker'd Mind of gnawing Woes.

C

Ipse ferox victor, durum cui pectus amore Æstuat, assiduis precibus fastidia tendit Vincere, nunc supplex votis, nunc leniter urgens Blanditiis, nec non promissa ingentia miscet, Regalem exponens oculis longo ordine pompam.

QUID potuit virgo infelix? qua rumpere tantas

Infidias? qua vi sævis obsistere fatis?
Hinc regalis honos, menti quoque grata potestas
Fæmineæ, gestuque decens, et compore forti
Florescens, clarusque faventi marte tyrannus
Solicitant: subita absterrent prostrata ruina
Inde paterna domus, miseræ sola ipsa superstes
Relliquiæ, ac tepidi cognato sanguine rivi.

AT natura trahens intus, spes læta, juventus Flexilis, ipsa dies, quæ lenit acerba, labantem Evicere animum, fallacisque ardor amoris, Dulcis inexpertæ. Qualis slos, imbre gravatus, Labitur, et mæstis moriens languescit in hortis: At zephyro spirante, levis se tollit ad auras, Purpureos pandens læto sub sole colores:

The Victor fierce, whose flinty Bosom boils
With glowing Love, renews his anxious Toils,
And strives to conquer her august Disdain,
With Vows now suppliant, now with soothing
Strain,

Then adds huge Promises, at length displays His princely Pomp, and bids her Wonder gaze.

UNHAPPY Maid! How could she shun such Baits?

With what Refolves refift the cruel Fates?
Hence Regal State, Dominion unconfin'd,
For ever grateful to a Female Mind,
A youthful Prince of manly Port, renown'd
For dauntless Valour, and with Conquest
crown'd,

Allure her: Thence her House in Ruin low, Herself the sole Survivor of it's Woe, And Streams yet warm with Kindred Blood Aversive Horrors, and Ambition chill. [instill

But urging Instinct, Hope, in Prospect gay, Soft yielding Youth, Calamity's Allay Long-during Time, and Love's fallacious Flame, Sweet to the Maiden unexperienc'd Dame, Subdu'd her Mind. As loaded finks a Flow'r, And dying languishes beneath a Show'r, But, lightly rising with respiring Gales, It's blushing Beauties to the Sun reveals:

Such

Haud secus Irene, luctu lacrymisque sugatis,
Enituit: medios inter regina triumphos
Incedit, niveam cingens diademate frontem,
Exultans umbris, titulisque instata superbis.
An misera! immitem teneris amplexibus hostem
Immemor eversæ patriæ cæsique parentis,
Ergo soves facilis, sortisque ignara suturæ.

Jam belli vox rauca filet: non ærea cantu Accendit tuba terribiles ad prælia turmas;
Non undare cruor, non armis fulgere campus;
Mænia non tremere, horribili concusta fragore:
Asper et exutâ mollescit casside miles
Regis ad exemplum, luxuque essranis inerti
Lascivit. Viridem pars lente susa per herbam,
Umbriseras inter frondes et murmur aquarum
Concentusque avium, longis exhausta periclis,
Membra sovet, vetiti libans carchesia bacchi,
Instauratque dapes: Cæco pars volnere sixa
Haurit amans teneras curas et blanda venena,
Cap-

Such shone Irene, such in Charms excell'd,
Her Tears, her Anguish, and her Grief expell'd:
Triumphant now she moves a mighty Queen
With grander Gait and more majestic Mien,
Her snowy Front with Diadem surrounds,
Exults in Shadows, and is puff'd with Sounds.
Ah wretched Consort! Can thy Bosom glow
In soft Embraces with a ruthless Foe,
Forgetful of thy Country's ruin'd State,
Thy Father slain, and blind to suture Fate?

Now War was hush'd: no more the brazen Of Battle, stings the Military Throng; No longer Gore in livid Torrent Streams, Nor wide the Field with polish'd Armour beams; Nor folid Walls of close connected Rocks Yawn hideous, trembling with convulfive Shocks: The Soldier harden'd, and in Perils try'd, Now foften'd lays his rigid Shield afide, [maze Apes the fond Monarch, and through Pleasure's Unbridled roves, and revels at his Ease. On verdant Meadows indolently laid, In Arbours, cool with interwoven Shade, By purling Stream some, circled by the Song Of Birds concenting, ftretch their Limbs along, Fatigu'd with tedious Toil; forbidden Wine They quaff luxuriant, and on Dainties dine: Some, lull'd in Love, foment the pleafing Pain, Fan the flow Flame, and drink delicious Bane,

Captarum illecebris, et gratâ compede vincta.

Qualis ubi rapido belli de fulmine Mavors

Pulverulentus adhuc, et fervens cæde recenti,

Victus amore, Cyprum quærens Paphiosque re
Cælestes petit amplexus ac dulcia furta. [cessus,

Tum belli siluere minæ; fremit ira pavorque

Nequicquam; infrendet telo mors atra represso.

Candidaque essus pax reddita terris.

SED non longa quies: accendit pristinus ardor Corda virûm, ac turpi pudet indulsisse veterno: Extimulat pietas atrox; ciet alta priorum Gloria gestorum, simul et satiata libido, Quo magis eniteat pulchro certamine virtus; Ergo indignantes luxu fregisse vigorem, Quam multi horrisono servescunt littore sluctus, Arma fremunt omnes, et mollia vincula rumpunt,

PRÆTEREA volgus non cæco murmure regem, Iratis verum clamoribus atque querelis Incufat, quem turpé levis muliercula victum Indigno tenet amplexu, dum colligit hostis Entic'd by Beauty, darting Rays around,
In grateful Fetters to their Captives bound.
As when desisting from the rapid Gust
Of dreadful Battle, Mars besmear'd with Dust,
And reeking yet with recent Gore, retreats
To blooming Cyprus and the Paphian Seats,
He yields to Love, with Cytherea toys,
Dissolv'd in Raptures and selonious Joys.
Then silent sink the Threats of War; in vain
Revenge and Terror mutter through the Plain,
Death gnashes over her unactive Sword,
And Peace shines gladsome to the World restor'd.

But short the Pause; their antient Ardour And Honourloathes to batten in Repose; [glows, Barbarian Piety, the soaring Fame Of former Actions, and the galling Shame Of sated Lust, re-animate their Hearts In sairer Fields to act heroic Parts, Incens'd, indignant to have toy'd away Their manly Vigour in lascivious Play. Thick as vext Billows riot o'er the Sands, All shout for Arms, and break their silken Bands.

Besides the Vulgar, not with fecret Sting, But open Clamours criminate their King, Whom, Shame, O Shame! a worthless Woman charms,

And holds imprison'd in her idle Arms,

While

Dispersas acies, et bellum sponte minatur. Hæc agitant, gliscitque truci violentia turbæ.

Senserat insolito misceri cuncta tumultu Mustapha, quem claro virtus insignis honore Evexit, Regique dedit pollere secundum Imperio; metuens igitur ne serperet ultra Tanta mali labes, rapiantque incendia vires, Præcipitare moras statuit, regemque requirit: Inventum supplex trepido veneratur honore, Atque ita sublimem compellat voce tyrannum.

ODECUS heroum! fummi fate fanguine vatis, Quem tellus devicta tremit, qua flavus hydaspes Gurgite fumanti tepidos secat aureus agros, Threiceas longe ad brumas Hebrumque nivalem, Sit fas vera loqui, sinceraque promere dicta, Quæ monet officii studiique audacior ardor, Asperiora licet; vestræ res aspera poscunt.

Quicquid sol oriens lustrat, terras, ubi nunquam Romani fulsere aquilæ, devicimus armis: While fierce the Foe with recollected Might Denounces Vengeance, and provokes the Fight. Licentious thus each mutinies aloud, And boiling Difcord rages through the Croud.

Egregious Mustapha, whose Merit shone, High-rais'd, and but inferior to the Throne, Perceiv'd the Tumult, which, unheard before, Rag'd through the Camp with universal Roar, And searing lest a Pestilence so dire Should creep yet wider, and the Flames acquire More satal Force, impatient of Delay, Strait to the King precipitates his Way: The King he finds, with reverential Fears Low bends, and thus accosts his haughty Ears.

Our mighty Prophet's Progeny divine!
Dread of that Nation, where with smoking Tides Hydaspes rich the Subject Fields divides;
Whose Empire stretches to the distant Shore Of wintry Thrace and frozen Hebrus hoar,
Truth let me tell, in Truth sincerely bold,
The faithful Dictates of my Soul unfold,
However harsh, which Duty would inspire,
And your Affairs harsh Medicines require.
Whatever Lands the rising Sun surveys,
Where Roman Eagles never soar'd to blaze,

Nunc quoque tot ducibus, tot quondam læta triumphis,

Græcia vasta cadit, regnique vetusta superbi
Fumat ad huc sedes, spumatque cruore recenti.
Unde quies igitur? Mentis pacatior unde
Et sopor imbellis? Cur Martis sulmina cessant?
Deterior bello nos luxus fregit. Ad arma,
En! iterum excusso densæ torpore catervæ
Conveniunt, hastasque minaci murmure vibrant,
Concussisque fremunt clypeis, Regemque reposcunt.

Cur medio, exclamant, languet victoria cursu? Cur torpent dextræ, et cessat Bellona tonare? Et nunc, attoniti repetitis cladibus, hostes Exhaustas reparant vires. En! agmina cogunt, Auratasque cruces levibus dant fulgere ventis. Quid rex interea, dirâ quem strage cruentum Horruerant toties, Græco qui sanguine tinxit Flumina, et evertit sumantes sulmine muros?

Our Arms have humbled: Greece renown'd afar For Leaders once, the Prodigies of War, And tow'ring Triumphs, withers at thy Frown, And wrapt in Ruin finks her antient Town; The Seat, where Empire on its Basis stood, In Ashes sumes; and soams with tepid Blood. Whence then this Quiet? Whence this tame Content?

Why sleep the Thunders of our Armament?
Luxurious Ease, more fell than War, at length
Hath dash'd our Spirits, and unbrac'd our
Strength.

But, lo! thick, starting from their stupid Trance, Again in Arms the mettled Bands advance, Brandish their Spears, with Murmur threatful ring

Their hollow Shields, and redemand their King.

- " Why thus, they cry, should Victory, so near,
- " Retreating, languish in her mid Career?
- " Why freeze our Hands? And why Bellona's "Breath
- " Ceases to found the dreadful Charge of Death?
- " Now the late broken, profligated Foes
- " Repair the Ruins of their Overthrows:
- " They levy Legions, and expand on high
- " Their gilded Croffes, beaming to the Sky:
- " And what atchieves that Royal Chief, who fell'd
- "Whole Troops? Whose Arms with Horror "they beheld?

Imbelles fovet amplexus, inhonestaque carpens Gaudia, captivum se sœdo tradit amori, Et spes in viridi jam jam succidit aristâ.

Scilicet hæc mandant divini oracula vatis?

Sic proavi meruere? sidem sic per mala dura Bellorum extendis vindex, et marte tueris?

Surge, age, molle jugum collo excute clarus, ut olim,

Egredere o nostrum jubar! en! horrentia ferro, Millia multa vocant: ingens clamore remugit Bosphorus, armorumque relucet sulgure cælum.

Exarsit victor monitis, excussus amoris

Torpor abit, rursumque animus fremit impiger
arma.

* Sic bellator equus, quem mollis inertia pugnæ Detinet oblitum, per pascua læta vagantes
Inter equas, mulcetque solutum blanda cupido,
Arma crepent si sorte, tubæ vel acuta sonet vox,
Igne reservescit solito, tremit, arrigit aures;
Scintillant oculi: resonant hinnitibus arva.

REX

Τος δ' έτε στατο'ς επισος 'αποστησας έπε φατνη,

Δ σμο'ν απορρηξας. &c. Hom. ili. Lib. 6.

Quem locum imitatus est Virgilius, et forme æquavit.

Torquatus quo que Tassus, uti solet, eleganter. Gierus: Canto 16.

Stanza, 28. Qual feroce destrier ch'al faticoso

Onor de l'arme vincito sia tolto &c.

"Who purpled Streams with Grecian Blood, "whose Balls,

" Wing'd with red Lightning, overturn'd their " Walls?

" He pines, his Arms to fond Embraces opes,

" And blasts the bladed Harvest of our Hopes,

To female Blandishments an abject Slave:
Are these the Mandates, which our Prophet gave?
Play'd thus thy Fathers? Dost thou thus extend
The Faith through Perils, and with Arms defend?
Arise, shake off the lazy Yoke at last,
Again conspicuous, as in Trials past,
Shine forth our Sun: Lo! many Thousands wield
Their flashing Blades, and call thee to the Field:
Broad Bospharus resounds with loud Alarms,
And Heav'n restects the Brazen Blaze of Arms.

THE Victor kindled at his Words: he drove Quick from his Breast the Lethargy of Love: Again the Sense of rising Fame returns, He glows for Arms, and all the Hero burns. The Warrior-horse, whom pamper'd Ease detains, Thus wantons, heedless of his past Campains, With Fillies, frisking through the joyful Fields: But if the clashing of conflicting Shields, Or clanging Trumpet martial Heat inspire, He pants, re-kindles with his usual Fire, Erect his Ears: keen flash his vivid Eyes, The neighing Plains reverberate his Cries.

Rex breviter: quum lux reserârit crastina cælum,

Agmina, dic, cöeant instructis cuncta maniplis, Atque forum repleant: solium sublime locetur; Ipse adero, et vanos pellam ratione timores. Dixerat: Ille, avidus tacita dulcedine, magni Imperiosa ducis properans mandata facessit.

Postera cæruleos fluctus Aurora reliquit,
Pallidaque emergens extinxit fidera Titan,
Quum tuba clara canit: tunc agmina denfa
coire

Cernere erat, justisque forum stipare maniplis, Frænatis in equis inter quos limite longo Ductores volitant, auroque ostroque decori: Pondere terra gemit; per templa domosque coruscat

Ænea lux, longoque illustrat fulgure cælum:
Mille tremunt vexilla, finusque ad flamina pandunt

Purpureos; curvæ discurrunt aere lunæ.

Stat circum instructus miles, pacataque vibrat

Tela manu: tremulâ ferrum fatale per auras

Luce fluit; dum turba fremens movet ordine

denso.

Qualis

THE Monarch briefly: When To-morrow's Dawn,

Reveals the Sky, bid all our Troops be drawn, In Files array'd, and fill a spacious Ring, A losty Throne be seated for your King: We too shall there be present with our Peers, And quell with Reason your ill-sounded Fears. He said: His Delegate with secret Glee Speeds to perform the Monarch's dread Decree.

AURORA now for fook her azure Bed,
Pale from the Sun the faded Planets fled.
Loud Sounds the Trumpet: You might then
furvey

The thicken'd Troops, in regular Array
Assembled, sill the spacious Ring: With Gold
And Purple deck'd, the gallant Leaders bold,
On bitted Steeds in graceful Order long
High-mounted, proudly prance, and traverse
through the Throng;

Earth groans beneath: Through Domes and Temples beams

A brazen Light, and wide the Skies inflames. A thousand Standards tremble, and display Their waving Crescents to the Breezes gay. The Soldier musters on the grand Parade, And brandishes his late pacific Blade: The fatal Steel emits a quiv'ring Glance, In wedgy Ranks the noisy Bands advance:

Qualis ubi primum jubar extulit ætherius sol Mane novo, summum leviter quum slamina stringunt

Oceanum, crispantur aquæ; mox tollitur altum Magna mole furens; albentibus æquora spumis Horrescunt, liquidique tonant ad littora montes.

INCERTI, quæ causa vocat, quidve instet agendum,

Suspensis dubitantanimis, quæruntque, paventque, Erecti ad strepitus vanos: quin corpore vasto Pulsaque, et impellens obstantes turba vicissim, Fluctuat huc illuc, varioque revolvitur æstu.

Ast ubi cum magno Princeps clangore tubarum

Arduus ingreditur, multoque satellite cinctus; Huc omnes tendunt, oculisque et mentibus hærent.

Haud fecus alma Ceres, gravidis quæ nutat ariftis,

Collis apricus ubi, aut, felix uligine, campus Semina læta fovet, dum vespertinus oberrat Aër, nec certo variantur cardine venti, So when the Bride-groom Sun with radiant Eye Bursts from the Chambers of the Matin Sky, And gentle Gales o'er Ocean lightly sweep, With curling Surface smiles the glassy deep; But soon it swells with mad tumultuous Roar, The foaming Billows chase, and thunder to the Shore.

UNCERTAIN they, what urgent Cause had led The Forces forth, what Action to be sped, Bewilder'd guess, enquire, yet dread to know, Rous'd by vain Clamours and a fancy'd Foe. Hence waves the Multitude from Side to Side, Justled, and justling with alternate Tide.

Bur when the Monarch, usher'd by the Sound

Of Trumpets hoarse, and girt with Guards around,

Aloft Approaches, smitten with Amaze, All tend to him, on him attentive gaze. So where some sunny Hill, or mellow Plain, Enrich'd with Ooze, secundifies the Grain Of parent Seed, while Evening Air a-drift Floats, and the Winds with doubtful Eddy shift To various Points; boon Ceres, nodding low With bearded Burden, as the Breezes blow Inconstant, wavers with each veering Blast: But if keen Eurus, Zepbyr mild at last,

D

Huc levis atque illuc fluitat, qua spiritus urget Mobilis; at dubio si tandem regnet Olympo Eurusve, Zephyrusve, aut imbribus humidus Auster,

Hæc sequitur facilis victorem; huic aurea culmos Flectit, et unanimi procumbit messe supinâ.

Excelsum in medio folium supereminet, amplis

Porrectum spatiis, multoque insternitur ostro: Considet hic ingens Victor, simul inclyta regum Græcorum soboles, cui splendida murice et auro,

Vestis et insignis gemmarum luce coruscat;
At velo caput abdiderat vultusque decoros.
Tum vero cecidit sonus omnis, ut alta silet nox
Jam media, et lethi lentos mentita sopores.
Horrendus tandem manisesta voce, tyrannus
Surgentem essudit turbati pectoris æstum.

Audivi, nec me latuerunt murmura vestra Infanique, viri, questus; me nempe prioris Oblitum decoris, me, Relligionis avitæ Immemorem, sædo languere cupidine captum.

Scilicet

Orwarmer Auster, moist with frequent Show'rs, Alone exert his elemental Pow'rs, The buxom Crop the Regent's breath attends, And all its golden Heads obsequious bends.

High in the Center stood a stately Throne Extensive, ample, and with purple shone: Here sat the Monarch, and the peerless Dame, Deriv'd from Kings of long illustrious Name, Byzantian Fair, whose slowing Garments blaze With Die Sidonian, labour'd Gold and Rays Of liquid Gems: but she with modest Grace Had veil'd the Beauties of her lovely Face. All Noise was hush'd, and mute was ev'ry Breath,

As Midnight dos'd, deep counterfeit of Death: Then after pause the Prince aloud express'd The rising Tempest of his boiling Breast.

Your Murmurs, Warriors, your suspicious Fears, .

And wild Complaints have reach'd my wounded Ears,

That I, forgetful of my former Fame, Apostate languish with a baser Flame. Are these, ungrateful, the Rewards ye bring? And is it thus ye recognize your King?

D 2

Scilicet hæc merui? me ficcine nostis, iniqua Pectora, qui totum laceravi cædibus orbem Christicolam, qui tantum everti e sedibus imis Imperium? Ecquando me segnem, aut forte morantem.

Vel cupidum vitæ, tranquilla actuta sequentem Vidistis, dum pugna suit? Vos testor, ut ultro Incendentem alios, medioque in turbine belli Pulvere conspersum, multoque cruore rubentem. Quis sluvios trannare serox, quis mænia primus Scandere per densos hostes, per tela, per ignes, Stridentesque globos, et sæva tonnitrua serro, Atque triumphantes muris insigere lunas? Hæc mea laus, quid enim sileam, quod Græcia, quod sol

Testatur, quod adhuc in pectore multa sicatrix? Nec quisquam gladio suit hoc instructor ictu, Dextera nec magis hac ditavit Manibus umbras.

La littles and said heibor.

in Morning 14 such

CESSAVI,

1200

Me, who have Ruin on Confusion hurl'd,
And with vastSlaughter rent the Christian World?
Me, who could such a spreading Empire spurn,
And from her fix'd Foundations overturn?
When have ye seen me, while the Battle rag'd,
Slothful or laggard, where the brave engag'd?
When basely slying from the sanguine Strife,
Pursuing Ease and ignominious Life?
Witness yourselves, with what heroic Might
I kindled others to the dubious Fight,
Amid the Whirlwind of the War all o'er
Desil'd with dusty Clouds, and red with reeking Gore.

Who dar'd to stem the River's rapid Fall?
Who first affail'd to scale the lofty Wall,
Through Darts, through Flames of thick opposing Pow'rs,

And hiffing Balls of Lead, and rending Show'rs Of Iron Hail, and on the Ramparts raife Our Moonstriumphant? This, be this myPraife; For why should I the purchas'd Honour shun? Why not reveal what Greece, what yonder Sun, And what more glorious Monuments attest, These Wounds, not sew, recorded on my Breast? Nor bolder Arm than this was known to wield The Sword of Action in the martial Field, Nor, ever dextrous for the fatal Blow, Dispatch'd more spirits to the Shades below.

Cessavi, fateor; belli vox rauca parumper Conticuit; dedimus nos corpora fessa quieti. Usque adeone pudet post tot discrimina rerum Aut animum ludis, aut membra sovere sopore? Nec venit in Mentem, quæ sit sors aspera vitæ Mortalis, quam fessa malis, infractaque poscat Alternas mens ægra vices ac dulce levamen.

Insuper audite, atque animis mea figite dicta:

Rex sum, non titulos jactans et inania sceptra;
Haud vestrum est igitur scrutari condita Regis
Pectora, sed tanquam præsenti numine slecti,
Et voltus horrere sacros, nutusque vereri:
Obsequii vobis contingit gloria; sas est
Imperii nobis; lex nobis unica velle.
Mors premit invitos: qui mussat, proditor esto.

Quid tamen admisi facinus? quæ tanta peregi?

(Ut loquar ex æquo) quid enim? male cautus amabam;

Esto: novum crimen vos primi fingitis. Ergo Rex, juvenis, victor nunquam fine crimine amabit?

Nil mos, nil leges, pietas nil tale profantur.

I PAUS'D, I grant: The Dissonance of War Was hush'd a little, and we breath'd so far: But is it Shame so many Toils to close, Amuse the Mind, and give the Limbs repose? Reslect ye not, how wretched is the State Of mortal Life; how press'd beneath a Weight Of galling Ills, the Soul demands allays Of balmy Peace, and Intervals of Ease.

Moreover hear, and let my Words remain Fix'd in your Minds: I am a King, not vain Of titled Pomp and scepter; 'tis your Part Never to dive into your Monarch's Heart, But dread, as bending to a present God, His sacred Looks, revere his awful Nod: Obedience is your Pride, our claim divine Supreme Dominion, and our Will our Line: Let instant Death unwilling Slaves convince, Each murmur is Rebellion to their Prince.

But fay what Fault, what hainous Crime have I

(To speak on equal Terms) committed? Why? I lov'd incautious; grant it: first ye seign A novel Crime, and of that Crime complain. Shall then a Monarch in his youthful Prime, A Victor never love without a Crime? Our Customs, Laws and Piety profess No such Restraints, such Rigour in Excess.

IPSE Mahummedes, qui fancta oracula cælo Deduxit, puramque fidem mortalibus ægris, Divinus vates, post duri prælia martis Otia semineo vacuus consumpsit amore. Quid preții speret super ignea sidera virtus? Quem sequimur sinem? perfunctis munere vitæ, Egregiis deus ipse viris quæ dona rependet? Scilicet insignes præstanti corpore nymphas, Atque immortali slorentes vere juventæ, Halantes per agros, ad aquarum murmura blanda, Concentus inter volucrum, viridante sub umbra Amplecti dabit, et viventes omne per ævum Carpere perpetuâ semper nova gaudia slammâ.

Hu jus at erroris (me si tamen abstulit error) Quæ mihi causa fuit, quæ discite, qualis origo, Compede qua teneor: quanquam sint ferrea vobis Corda quidem, faciles tamen ignoscetis amanti, Cernentes faciem, quæ me pulcherrima vicit, Auroræ similem, et certantia lumina stellis.

Aspicite

Our pious Chief, who from the facred Shrine,
From Heav'n reveal'd his Oracles divine,
And wholesome Faith to fickly Souls, from Arms
Releas'd, enjoy'd his Paradise of Charms
In Holidays of Ecstacy. What Prize
Can Virtue hope above the starry Skies?
What End pursue we? What proportion'd
Meeds

Shall God confer on Heros for their Deeds?
Through fragrant Meadows, by the Murmurs
bland

Of cooling Streams among the feather'd Band Of woodland Warblers, under verdant Shades, To fport in Dalliance with angelic Maids Of perfect Form incomparable, gay, And flush'd with Beauty's ever-blooming May, To live, to roll in raptur'd Love's Abyss, And with fresh Flames imbibe immortal Bliss.

But of this Error know the cause, the Source (If such an Error could misguide my Course)
Bound as I am and to a Captive Dame,
Your Hearts, tho' steely, must absolve my Flame;
When ye behold that Face, divinely fair,
Which soft-subdu'd me with attractive Air,
That Face, which speaks her Daughter of the
Skies,

With ruby Lips and Star-enamell'd Eyes:

58 Irene: Carmen Historicum.

Qui decor incessus! que celse gratia frontis!

Aspicite; atque meum, si fas, reprendite crimen.

Hæc fatus, velum detraxit ab ore puellæ; Eminus illa stetit, clara sub luce videnda.

Qualis ubi, spissa dudum sol conditus umbra.

Aureus emergit, tandem caligine pulsa,

Splendidior: ridet dissus numine cælum,

Ingentemque globum lætanti lumine vestit.

Non aliter, posito velamine, regia proles

Extulit os roseum, solioque resulsit ab alto.

Attonitæ stupuere acies, avidosque tuendo

Insixæ pascunt oculos, tacitæque perrerrant

Quam faciem! quali cum majestate venustam!

Atque genas, diva dignas, ac lactea colla,

Perque humeros niveos et eburnea pectora, lent

Ludentes vento, capitis nigrantis honores.

Libera mens rediit, tollunt ad fidera plausus

Sponte sua, dignamque fatentur crimine formam.

Observe her graceful Port, her Front sublime, And then arraign, if possible, my Crime.

HE faid, and fudden from her Face withdrew The Veil; she stood expos'd to public View, As when the golden Sun, whom late the Shrowd Of Darkness mantled, from the bursted Cloud Emerges brighter; with a lucid Robe Smile the broad Skies, and gladden all the Globe. The Nymph unveil'd thus eminently shone, With rofy Cheeks refulgent from her Throne. The ravish'd Bands, astonish'd with Surprise, Infatiate gazing, feast their eager Eyes, And filent run enamour'd o'er her Face. What Face! Adorn'd with what Majestic Grace! Her dimpled Cheeks, which might a Goddess deck, With living Purple pure, her milky Neck, And raven Locks, which wanton'd, as they press'd Her Snowy Shoulders, and her Iv'ry Breaft.

But when their Minds, with dumb Amaze intent, [Vent, At length were free to give their Thoughts a They loud extoll her Beauties, and declare The Trespass venial for a Form so fair.

Constitit, atque diu trux agmina circumfpexit,

Terribiles volvens oculos; tum luridus atris Infidiis, irifque ferox, dextraque loquaci Murmura compescens, torvo sic edidit ore: Jam satis est; sicto me crimine solvitis uno Ore omnes: talem quis princeps abnuat? illam Victricem quis non agnosceret? æthere vates Ipse ingens avidis vix talem amplectitur ulnis. Es, fateor, mihi jure tuo carissima, voltu Æmula cælicolis, animi neque dotibus impar, Irene, mea lux, regum certiffima proles: Non folis radii, non vitæ carior ipfe Spiritus hic, non, qui nutrit præcordia, sanguis: Est tamen his radiis, est vitæ carior aurâ Gloria, et invidià tandem laus bellica major: Nec frangent molles animum, ne fingite, curæ. Quid quod amem? tamen et Rex sum, Bellator et Heros.

Forfan

HE stands, he pauses, round him as they rise, Surveys the Troops, and rolls his baleful Eyes, Then grim with Looks, which vifably prefage Deep, dark Deceits, then impotent of Rage, And awing with his Hand their Murmurs loud, The turbid Tyrant thus address'd the Croud. Enough! Enough: Your Suffrages at large, Acquit your Monarch of the fabled Charge: What potent Prince could forfeit such a Prize? Who would not own the Conquests of her Eyes? The mighty Prophet, crown'd with Blifs above, Scarce fuch Embraces in the Folds of Love. I must confess, you rule without Controul, The just Dominion of my shackled Soul, In outward Graces, and in Gifts of Mind, A Match for Maidens of Ætherial Kind, Divine Irene, Lustre of my Days, Not dearer are the Sun's all-cheering Rays, The Breath of Life not dearer, nor the Blood, Which warms this Frame with Heart-reviving Flood:

But Glory yet is dearer than those Rays, Than Life itself; more precious is the Praise Of warlike Worth establish'd; nor shall Rest, Or Love, unman the Purpose of my Breast. What though I love? I still fustain my Part, The King's, the Warrior's, and the Hero's Heart,

And

Forsan amantem ætas imbellem haud postera Fracta meas iterum plorabit Græcia vires, [tradet. Acciduique orbis dominatrix impia Roma: Ecce incensa ruunt delubra crucesque profanæ, Et simulachrorum crepitat malesancta supellex.

Quin hæc accipite, et vestrum cognoscite Regem:

Audebit quicunque meos reprendere amores, Immemorem carpens famæ, luxuque folutum, Quid cará pro laude geram, quid vindice dextrá, Molior, aspiciat, meque inde tremiscite cuncti.

HEC ait et stringit gladium, raptimque per auras,

Torquet, et obliquo descendit turbidus ictu In collum Irenes: Humeris caput illicet almis Exilit abscissum, rapiturque volubile tractu: At mutilus prono procumbit corpore truncus, Singultansque, tremesque rubentem tramite multo And late Posterity may haply tell,
I bravely triumph'd, though I lov'd so well.
Again shall Greece, beneath my Rage oppress,
And impious Rome, proud Tyrant of the West,
Lament their Fates: Lo! wrapt in Ruin round,
Her blazing Temples tumble to the Ground;
Crosses profane, and Houshold Stuff, as vile,
Of crackling Idols crumble in the Pile.

But hear my Words, and fully know your King,

Whoever dares with Petulence to sting
My licens'd Loves, or vilify my Name
As lost, abandon'd and estrang'd from Fame,
Let him behold what I shall undertake
For Praise, dear Praise's everlasting Sake,
What Fate atchieve with this avengeful Hand,
All mark, and tremble at my dread Command.

He said, unsheath'd, and rapidly display'd
Alost his slaming, unrelenting Blade,
Then with oblique inevitable Blow
Descends tempestuous on that Neck of Snow,
Irene's Neck: Fast from her Shoulders fair
Bounds the dissever'd Head, and whirls in Air;
The widow'd Trunk, gash'd with dishonest
Wound,
[Ground,
Prone falls, and, panting, trembling on the
From

Torrentem, et vitam pariter cum sanguine sundit Luctantem. Subito cadis, heu! Pulcherima dudum

Nympharum, vitreis nequicquam ornata trophæis,

Regis amor regnique comes fine limite, dextrâ, Qua minime decuit, sævæ data victima famæ. Felix, si sancto jacuisses sida pudori, Nobiliore rogo, patriis immersa ruinis, Nec tibi barbarici placuissent Fædera lecti!

CÆLESTES illi sædos jam sanguine voltus,
Pallentesque genas, extinctaque lumine cernun t
Attoniti, exanguesque metu: Labesacta per ossa
Horror iit. Siluere diu: mox undique tristis
Prorupit gemitus, perque agmina vasta cucurrit.

CASIBUS inflecti miserorum insuetus acerbis, Horruit ipse serox crudeli cæde tyrannus, Et, suriis odiisque sui pariterque suorum Commotus, resugit visum, intolerabile visum. From rilling Channels with convultive Strife,
Quick difembogues the purple Tide of Life.
O lately fairest of the Female Train,
With brittle Trophies dignify'd in vain!
A Monarch's Mate in absolute Command,
Alas! Thou fallest by that faithless Hand,
That Hand, which least should violate thy Frame,
A woful Victim to barbarian Fame!
Happy, hadst thou prefer'd a nobler Bust,
Thy Country's Ruins for thy Virgin Dust,
Nor, 'by the Lure of lewd Ambition led,
Espous'd the Bondage of a Turkish Bed!

THAT heav'nly Visage, now with Gore defil'd, Those rosy Cheeks, in which the Graces smil'd, Clay-cold and pale, those visual Orbs of Light They view now set in everlasting Night.

FEAR blanch'd their Looks, and through their Bosoms chill'd,

And Limbs relax'd a fudden Horror thrill'd: Speechless they stood, then bursted piteous Moans, [into Groans.

Wide through the deep Defiles, and lengthen'd

FIERCE as he was, untouch'd with human Woes,

The bloody Tyrant felt some inward Throes; He loathes himself and them with equal Spite, And starts abhorrent from the shocking Sight.

E

Mox famæ redit ardor atrox, iræque tumescunt

Ultrices; in bella viros rapit, intonat armis Horrificis. Asiæ eversæ post sata supremum Europæ occasum, sævasque minatur habenas.

Sic malefidus amor brutique cupidinis ignis In fumum et cineres abeunt, mediifque triumphis

Funera portendunt, cælo ceu sæpe sereno
Flagrantes seralé saces. Medicata sopore
Flexanimæ quanquam veneris, serventior ardet
Ambitio, et sceptro tandem votisque potita
(Quid sibi plus vellet regnandi vasta cupido?)
Per scelerum seriem et sictum pietatis honorem,
Ulterius ruit, et sitit insatiabilis æquor
Sanguineum, martemque trucem, stragemque
nefandam.

But soon the Gust of rabid Fame recoils, The swelling Tide of Wrath revengesul Boils. He rouses, hurries legionary Swarms
To War, and Thunders with horrisic Arms. Fair Asia crush'd, he threatens Europe's Chains, Her final Fall, and arbitrary Reins.

Thus faithless Love and Flames of brutal Lust,
Flit into Smoke, and moulder into Dust,
Portending Death, while Triumphs gild the
Scene,
Like blazing Comets in a Sky serene.
Though lull'd on Beauty's downy Lap, returns
Ambition's Fever, and intenser burns.
At length (what more would Tyranny require?)
Possest of Empire, and its full Desire;
Through Crimes, atrocious in successive Rounds,
And Zeal bely'd, it overleaps all Bounds,
And Thirst insatiate for a purple Main
Of Blood, wide-wasting War, and Mountains
of the Slain.

The E N D.

res Translation Cont. Along the same of the state of di ile accuusit alde sieste i i jer Comes in a Skyldram. emilia , and man for the same (i sing or years) I have been the single of I see ex Empire, and in hill Delice; The country of the contract of the country of the c Despite of the square of the state of the And all the ketaute are a corrected Make Of Discl. was middle War, and Mountains of the Visin.

